Out of Office Culture Report

May 2024 • The Harris Poll Thought Leadership Practice









Methodology

This report is based on a custom survey that was conducted online within the United States by The Harris Poll between April 26th to 28th, among 1,170 employed adults aged 18 and over.

This research comprises of 166 Gen Z (ages 18-27), 486 Millennials (ages 28-43), 365 Gen X (ages 44-59), and 153 Boomers (ages 60 and older). This research is also broken down by title of role at the company, comprising of 177 C-suite employees, 210 upper management employees, 272 middle management employees, and 511 employees in other roles. The survey also includes 259 remote employees (who work 100% from home), 324 hybrid employees (work a mixture of in the office and at home), and 587 in-person employees (work 100% from the office).









Executive Summary

Policy isn't the issue: workplace culture and workload pressures dictate America's paid time off usage

- The majority of Americans (83%) are satisfied with their company's paid time off / vacation policy; 60% are given more than 10 paid days off per year, an additional 7% have an "unlimited vacation policy."
 - A third of American workers indicate "unlimited vacation policy" means more than 30 days off.
- However, most (78%) do not use the maximum amount of paid time off allowed by their employer. In fact, the average American worker took 15 paid days off last year, despite half (49%) being allowed more than that by their employer.
- The top barriers preventing workers from taking more time off are "pressure to always be available and responsive to demands" (31%) and "heavy workload" (30%).
- Employers aren't helping the narrative, as 76% of workers say, "I wish my workplace culture placed a stronger emphasis on the value of taking regular breaks and utilizing paid time off."
 - The anxiety-ridden culture around the request is prevalent, as half (49%) get nervous when requesting time off from their employer.

There's no rest for the wicked! (even if they are "out of office")

- Although 62% of the American workforce say, "being 'out of office' means absolutely no working," nearly the same amount (60%) admit that they struggle to "fully disconnect" when they can take their time off.
- Most American workers (86%) say they would check emails from their boss while on paid time off/vacation, and more than half (56%) have taken work-related calls during their time off.
- Guilt and anticipatory angst rule their vacation days: Two-thirds (66%) of American workers dread the backlog of work awaiting their return, with nearly half (47%) feeling guilty when taking their time off.

Longing for a break, the workforce aspires to use the paid time off they do take for a relaxing escape

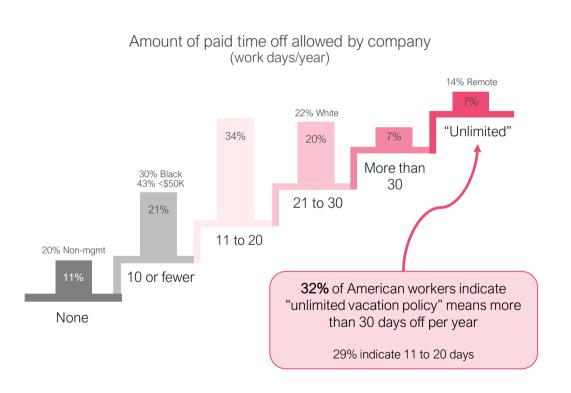
- Last year, American workers took paid time off for vacation (47%), followed by health and wellness (19%).
- Three in four (79%) prioritize using their paid time off / vacation days to relax and recharge rather than for other activities.
- In their ideal paid time off day, Americans would prioritize rest and relaxation (65%) and quality time with loved ones (50%). Their ideal location to spend the day would be on the beach (37%), followed by a city within the US (19%) and their couch / bed (17%).
 - "Don't Worry, Be Happy" is the anthem of their ideal paid time off day (29%), followed by "The Lazy Song" (19%).

The state of paid time off in America

Corporate policy vs. corporate culture



Most employed Americans are satisfied with their company's paid time off policy, with over half allowed between 11 and 30 days per year







Three in four, especially younger workers, do not use the maximum amount of paid time off — in fact, it's an aspiration for the majority

78%

American Workers

Do not use the maximum amount of paid time off /
vacation days allowed by their
employer.

89% Gen Z 85% Upper management 83% Millennials **75%**

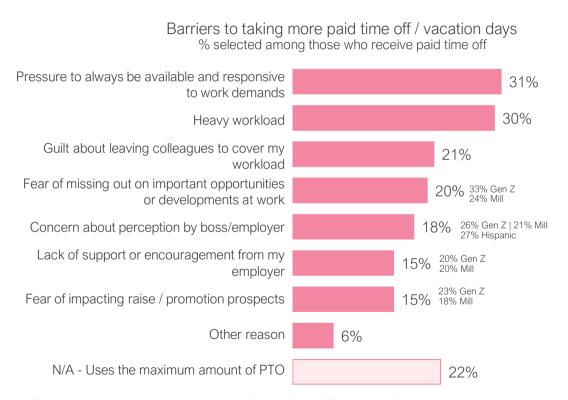
American Workers

"I wish I were able to take **all of my available days** off."

83% Upper management 82% Urban 80% Millennials



Pressure to be available and heavy workload are top barriers from taking more time, Gen Z and Millennials fear employer reaction and career implications



63%

American Workers

"The pressure to meet deadlines and maintain productivity often deters me from taking extended time away from work."

73% Upper management 71% Millennials

49%

American Workers

"I get nervous when requesting paid time off / vacation days from my employer."

61% Millennials 58% Gen Z



Millennials' fear of taking time off has made them culprits of out of office workarounds, including mouse moves and playing hooky





Have "moved their mouse" to maintain online status on company's messaging system. (e.g., Microsoft Teams, Slack, etc.)

31% Total 30% Gen Z 29% Gen X 20% Boomers



Have taken time off without communicating it to their manager / employer.

(i.e., be out of office without officially being "out of office")

28% Total 24% Gen Z 24% Gen X 18% Boomers



Have scheduled a message to send outside of regular hours.

to give the impression they're working extra hours

30% Total 27% Gen Z 24% Gen X 26% Boomers



As workplace pressures heighten, workers crave vacation—but for half, it's a luxury they can't afford

81%

American Workers

"As work becomes more stressful, my urge to take a vacation becomes stronger."

86% Northeast 77% Men | 85% Women 50%

American Workers

"Taking time off from work is a luxury I cannot afford."

63% <\$50K 62% No paid time off 59% Millennials 57% Black 57% HS education or less 57% Urban



Beating the imbalance: The American workforce is calling to their employers to focus on the culture around taking paid time off, not the policy

76%

American Workers

"I wish my workplace culture placed a **stronger emphasis on the value of taking regular breaks** and utilizing paid time off."

85% 10 days or fewer paid time off 73% Men | 80% Women

65%

American Workers

"I find **striking a balance** between work commitments and personal time off to be challenging."

74% Upper management 74% Millennials 72% Hybrid 71% Urban 62% Men | 70% Women

Out of sight, not out of mind

The realities of taking time off in the American workplace



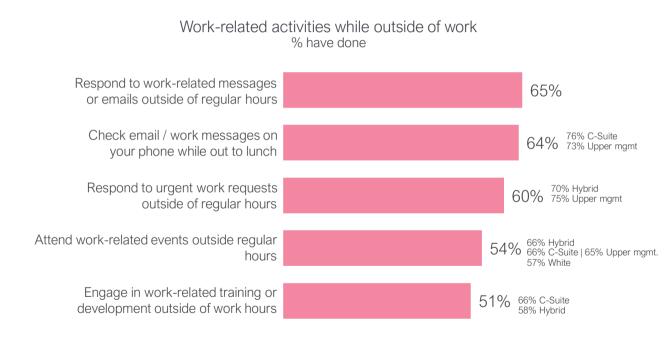
In a culture that glorifies being busy, Americans are consistently connected – even outside of work hours

85%

American Workers

"America has a culture that **glorifies being busy**."

89% Millennials 89% Northeast 83% Men | 88% Women





When it comes to being "out of office," many say that means absolutely no working, yet most struggle to disconnect and end up logging in on vacation

62%

American Workers

"Being 'out of office' means absolutely no working. No exceptions."

69% Democrats 58% Men | 66% Women 60%

American Workers

"I struggle to fully disconnect during my time off." Work-related activities while on vacation % have done

56%

have taken work-related calls or meetings during their time off

37% 64% C-Suite 55% Hybrid 47% Upper management 45% 21+ PTO days

have worked from a third location while on vacation (i.e., coffee shop, hotel)



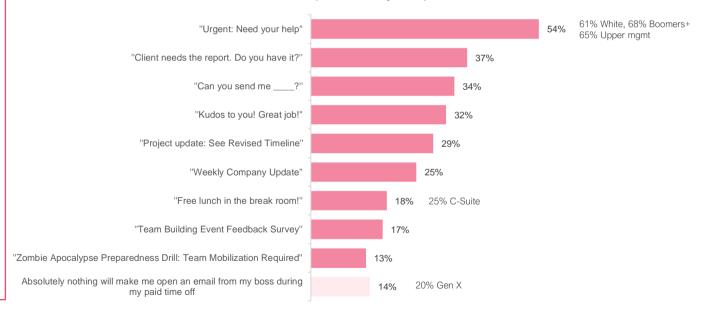
Almost nine in 10 employed Americans say they would check an email from their boss, even when on PTO or vacation

86%

American Workers

Would check an email from their boss while on paid time off / vacation.

95% Gen Z 95% Upper management Subject lines that would entice workers to open their email during their paid time off (email sent by boss)





Even if they're not physically connected, anticipatory angst of the work to come and guilt weight on the minds of many

66%

American Workers

"I dread the backlog of work awaiting my return from my time off."

> 78% Upper management 74% Middle management 72% Urban

47%

American Workers

"I feel guilty when I take paid time off / vacation days."

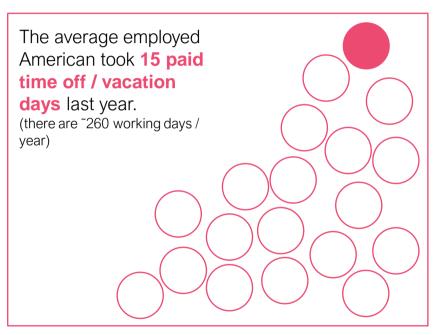
59% Upper management 56% Gen Z 55% Hispanic 53% Millennials

Aspiring to relax

The American workforces' ideal day off



Last year, the average employed Americans took 15 paid days off, top use cases are vacation, followed by health and wellness

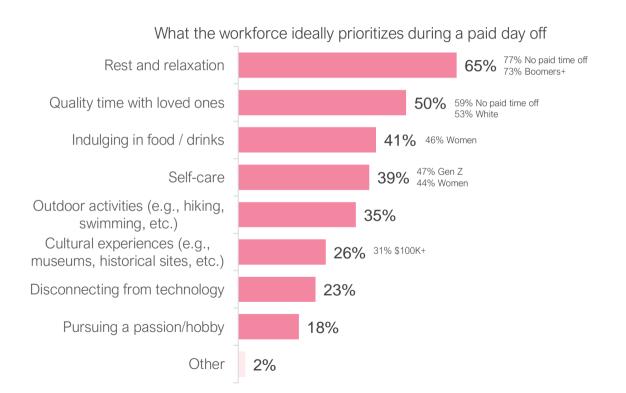


How they spent their time off

A P	Vacations	47%
	Health and wellness (e.g., sick days, doctor appointments, etc.)	19%
	Parental responsibilities	12%
	Family commitments (e.g., weddings, birthdays, etc.)	11%
<u> </u>	Emergency situations	10%
• • •	Other	5%



The classic "R&R" is truly what employed Americans want the most when taking time off, followed by quality time with loved ones



79%

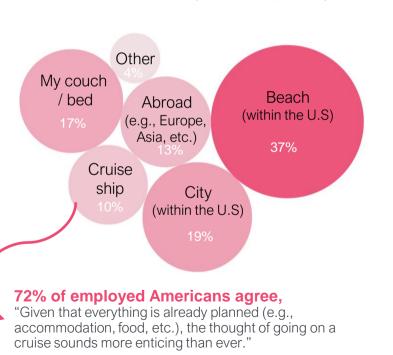
American Workers

"I prioritize using my paid time off / vacation days to relax and recharge rather than for other activities."

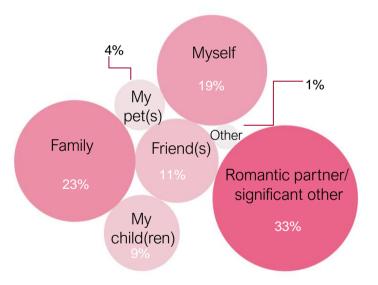


For many, an ideal day off would be spent on the beach or exploring a city and they'd spend it with their significant other or families

Where the workforce ideally spends a paid day off



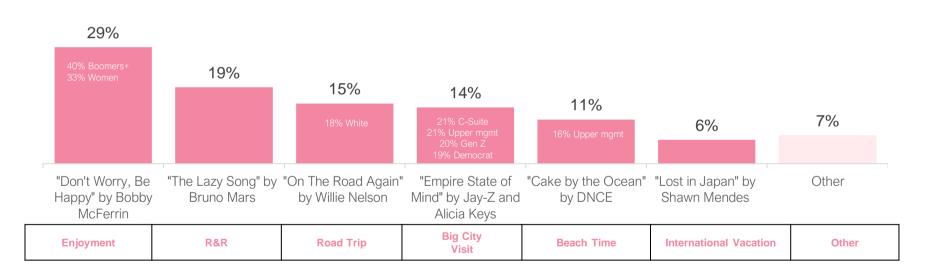
Who the workforce ideally spends a paid day off with





"Don't Worry, Be Happy" is the favorite anthem to an ideal vacation day, with Bruno Mars' hit "The Lazy Song" in a solid second place

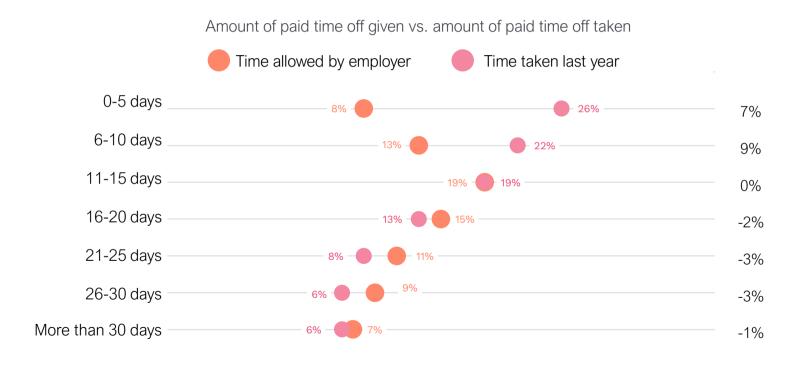
The anthem of the workforces' ideal paid day off



Appendix



A gap in the system: the American workforce isn't taking their time off



Men

Women



The youngest generation and the lowest earners took the least amount of days off last year, signaling slimmer margins for certain groups of employed Americans

Number of paid days off taken last year Average (including zero)

AGE	
Gen Z	11.4
Millennials	14.6
Gen X	16.4
Boomers+	16.2

GENDER

15

14.7

HOUSEHOL	D INCOME
< \$50K	10.2
\$50K - \$99K	12.4
\$100K+	17.2

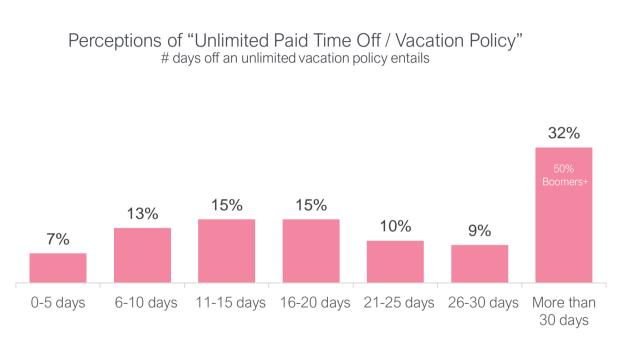
RACE	
White	16.1
People of color	13.3

EDUCATION	LEVEL
HS or less	11.2
Some college	13.1
College graduate	17.5

JOB TITLE		
C-Suite	16.9	
Upper mgmt	15.1	
Middle mgmt	14.6	
Other	13.8	



Over half of employed Americans say "Unlimited PTO" policies mean more than 20 days, but those who have it take less than that







More paid time off leads to more productive employees

66%

American Workers

"If my workplace provided more paid days off, I would be a more productive employee."

> 77% Urban 75% Millennials 74% Democrats



Amount of paid time off is a top factor when considering a new job, almost half would sacrifice a higher salary for mor days.

48%

American Workers

"I'd rather have more paid days off than a higher salary."

> 57% Upper management 56% C-Suite 56% Millennials 53% South, Urban

Most important factors when considering a new job % ranked 1-3

1. Salary	80%
2. Healthcare benefits	56%
3. Paid time off / vacation policy	49%
4. Work environment policy (e.g., remote, hybrid, in-office, etc.)	41%
5. Corporate culture (e.g., work-life balance, co-workers, etc.)	33%
6. Childcare opportunities	20%*
7. Educational stipends (i.e., paying for higher education, certifications, etc.)	17%
8. Other	8%

^{*}among parents

To learn more about this research, please reach out to...



Tim Osiecki Director <u>tim.osiecki@harrispoll.com</u>



Libby Rodney
Chief Strategy Officer
Irodney@harrispoll.com



Abbey Lunney
Managing Director
abbey.lunney@harrispoll.com

Special thanks for contributing to the research development:



Marie Aloi



Ethan Hermann

HARRIS POLL THOUGHT LEADERSHIP PRACTICE

A proven approach for building credible and authentic brand authority

Building on 50+ years of experience pulsing societal opinion, we design research that is credible, creative, and culturally relevant. Give your pitches an edge with custom information designed by research experts.